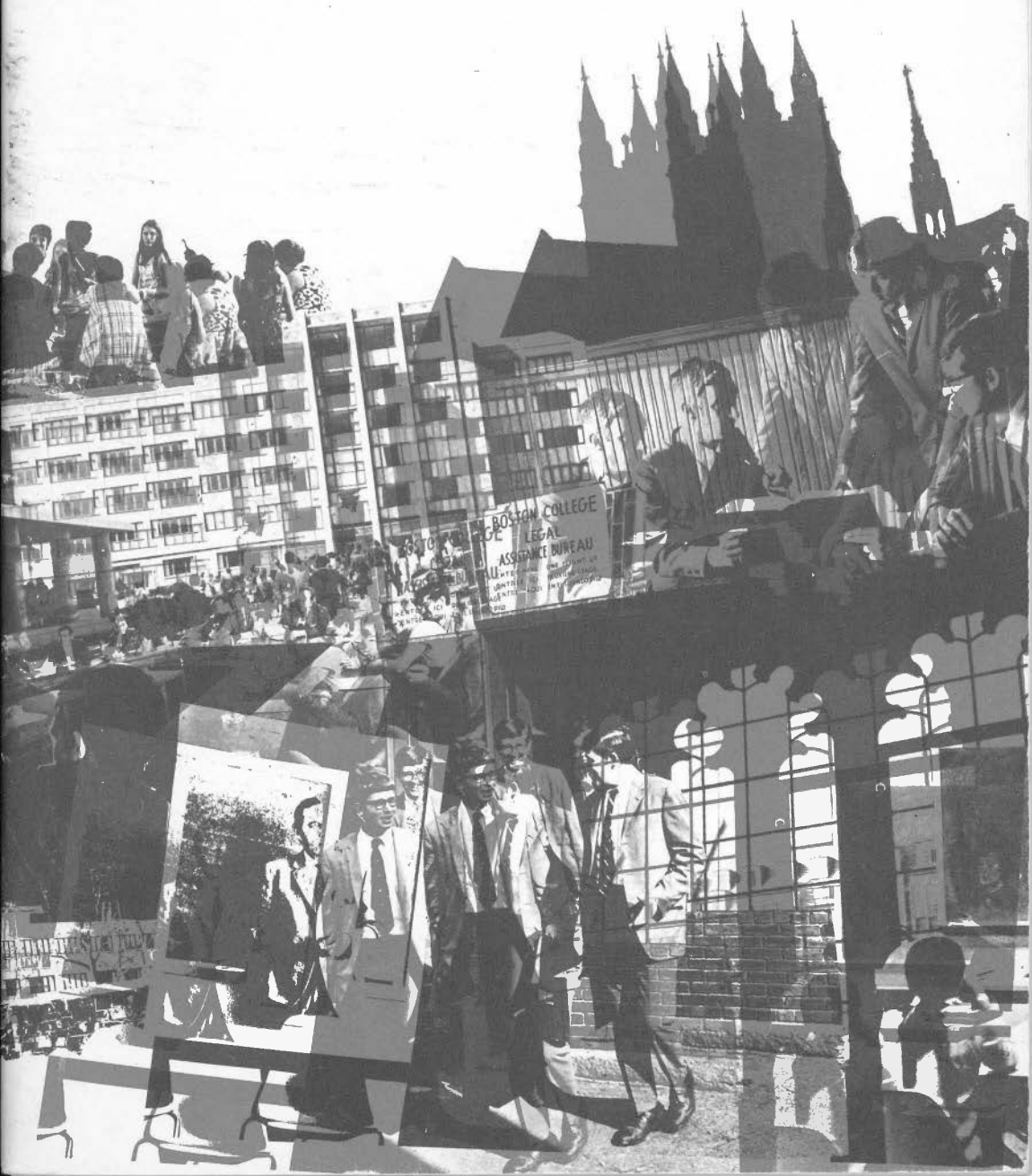


January 4, 1971



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BOSTON COLLEGE BULLETIN

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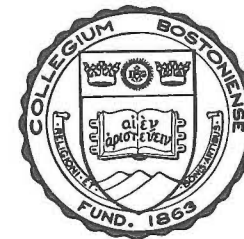
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Boston College Bulletin

The Law School 1971/1972



Boston College
University Heights
Chestnut Hill, Massachusetts 02167



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Boston College

The University

Boston College is one of the oldest Jesuit-founded universities in the United States. Its charter was granted to John McElroy, S.J., on April 1, 1863, by John Albion Andrew, Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. John Bapst, S.J., was the first President. As has been true of almost every leading college and university in the nation, the original intention was to provide collegiate instruction for young men in an atmosphere of a specific religious tradition. Boston College has followed the honored pattern of other American universities by growing into an eclectic institution of higher education. Its academic community is open to men and women of any and every background; its scholarly pursuits range the entire spectrum of contemporary thought and interest.

Boston College was first located in the South End of the City of Boston and continued there for its first half century. Shortly before World War I, Thomas Gasson, S.J., then President, purchased a property in Chestnut Hill, a suburb of Boston. In more than fifty years that have followed, the University Heights campus has grown to include forty collegiate structures and still retains much of its suburban beauty as well as an enviable prospect of the city six miles away.

The evolution of Boston College into today's University was particularly evident during the 1920's. The Summer Session, the Graduate School of Arts and Sciences, the Law School, and the Evening College of Arts, Sciences and Business Administration were added to the original College of Arts and Sciences. In 1927, the College of Liberal Arts at Lenox, Massachusetts, and the Schools of Philosophy and Theology at Weston—several miles west of the University Heights campus—all for the preparation of young men for the priesthood in the Society of Jesus—were established as schools of the University. The Graduate School of Social Work was established in 1936, and the College of Business Administration in 1938. The latter, with its Graduate School (1957), is now known as the School of Management. The Schools of Nursing and Education were founded, respectively, in 1947 and 1952.



Accreditation of The University

Boston College is a member of, or accredited by, the following educational institutions: The American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education, the American Association of Collegiate Schools of Business, the American Association of Theological Schools, the American Association of University Women, the American Bar Association, the American Chemical Society, the American Council on Education, the Association of American Colleges, the Association of American Law Schools, the Association of University Evening Colleges, the Association of Urban Universities, the Board of Regents of the University of New York, the College Entrance Examination Board, the Council on Social Work Education, the Jesuit Educational Association, the International Association of Universities, the International Associations of Catholic Universities, the National Catholic Education Association, the National Commission on Accrediting, the Accrediting Service of the National League for Nursing, the New England Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, and other similar organizations.

The Law School

The Trustees of Boston College, with the active support and cooperation of many eminent members of the bench and bar in Massachusetts, established the Boston College Law School in 1929. Formal instruction was begun on September 26, 1929, and the first class was graduated on June 15, 1932. In 1954, on the Twenty-fifth Anniversary of its foundation, the Law School moved from downtown Boston to Thomas More Hall on the Chestnut Hill campus.

Accreditation of Law School

The Boston College Law School is a member of the Association of American Law Schools and has been approved by the Section on Legal Education of the American Bar Association since 1932.

Environment

The Law School, located on the main campus of the University, combines the advantages of urban and suburban locale. It is far enough removed

from city life to have the quiet that is needed for study, parking spaces and ready access to major highways that are lacking in urban areas. The Massachusetts Turnpike is five minutes away. At the same time, public transportation direct to downtown Boston is just across the street. The availability of Boston's cultural institutions, including the Symphony Orchestra, the many fine museums and libraries, and the other colleges and universities, provides a stimulation unmatched elsewhere.

Thomas More Hall

Thomas More Hall, occupied exclusively by the Law School, contains provisions for administrative and faculty offices and classrooms, a Law Library, a Moot Court Room seating one hundred and fifty spectators, seminar rooms, and attractive lounges. A students' Dining Hall seating three hundred, students' lockers, and other conveniences make Thomas More Hall a completely self-contained unit for the Law School.

The Law School also occupies Southwell Hall, a brief block away from Thomas More Hall. The offices of the National Consumer Law Center are located in this building, as well as the offices of several other Law School activities and functions.

The Thomas J. Kenny Library

The Thomas J. Kenny Memorial Library has a spacious Reading Room seating two hundred and forty students, and individual study carrels accommodating forty-five students. On the same level with the Reading Room is the Clement Joseph Maney Room with an additional collection of quasi-legal materials. A two-level stack room below the Reading Room contains additional research materials with room for substantial expansion.

The Library contains the reports of all state courts of last resort as well as the intermediate appellate court reports, multiple copies of the various federal court series of reports, several copies of the National Reporter System, annotated and special subject series of reports and a collection of United Kingdom and Canadian decisions.

The statutory section of the Library contains a complete collection of the current state and federal annotated codes, a growing collection of the session laws of the several states as well as current English and Canadian legislation.

In recognition of the development of public law and its increasing importance in the United States, the Library contains a large section of this material, particularly the decisions and orders of administrative bodies, state and federal, and the numerous loose-leaf services which make available all current laws, regulations, administrative interpretations and decisions in this field.

The Library contains a comprehensive collection of treatises and textbooks, legal journals and reviews, the standard legal encyclopedias, and substantial collections in the international, comparative and foreign law areas.

The Law Library is administered by a full-time librarian and a staff of professional, para-professional and clerical assistants. It is open from 8:30 A.M. to 11:00 P.M., Mondays through Fridays; from 9:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. on Saturdays; and from 12 Noon to 10:00 P.M. on Sundays. During the summer the Library is open during the day.

In addition to the Kenny Library, the Bapst Library and other University libraries of Boston College, which are situated on the Chestnut Hill campus, are available to students of the Law School.



General Information

Pre-Legal Studies

Boston College desires that its students come to the study of law with the broadest possible understanding of the divergent forces which impinge upon society and give it quality and direction. The School recognizes that the foundation for such understanding—so vital to the effective modern lawyer—normally is gained during the four-year college program. Accordingly, while the School refuses to designate a particular collegiate program as the “best” preparation for the study of law, it strongly believes that no student should forego the indispensable generality of a wide liberal education for studies which might have the reputation of being particularly “legal” in nature. However, because the field of law spans the entire social and commercial processes of our society, there is no collegiate program which cannot serve as an appropriate vehicle for pre-legal training.

Admissions Requirements

Boston College is an academic community whose doors are open to men and women of all races, colors and national origins.

An applicant for admission to the Boston College Law School as a candidate for the degree of Juris Doctor must possess a Bachelor's degree from an approved college or university.

Law School Admission Test

The Boston College Law School requires all of its applicants to take the Law School Admission Test which is given at the Boston College Law School on all five occasions when it is conducted at universities throughout the nation and in certain foreign centers. The test will be held at the Boston College Law School on:

Saturday, February 13, 1971

Saturday, April 17, 1971

Saturday, July 31, 1971

For information on October and December 1971 testing dates and application form write to the Educational Testing Service, 20 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey 08540.

Admission Procedure

Application must be made upon the official form; and, as noted therein:

1) Official transcripts of all collegiate, graduate and professional study must be sent directly to the Registrar of the Boston College Law School by the

registrars of the institution in which such study has been done.

2) The recommendation form issued by the Law School must be sent directly to the Registrar.

3) The Educational Testing Service must be directed to report the applicant's Law School Admission Test score to the Boston College Law School.

4) As soon as the completed application forms, all requisite transcripts, and the application fee of \$20 have been received, the applicant will be promptly advised by mail of the decision upon the application. Application fee not refundable.

5) Acceptance Deposit: To hold his place in the class the applicant must send a deposit of \$100 to the Boston College Law School within the time limit specified in the letter of acceptance. The deposit will be credited toward tuition for the first semester.

6) All applications must be filed no later than March 1.

Registration for Bar Examination

Many states now require a student, prior to or shortly after beginning the study of the law, to register with the board of bar examiners of the state in which he intends to practice. Each student should ascertain by writing to the secretary of the board of bar examiners of the state in which he plans to practice whether that state has this requirement.

Auditors

A limited number of applicants, usually members of the bar, who do not wish to study for a degree, but who desire to enroll in specific courses, may be admitted as auditors. Auditors must prepare regular assignments and participate in classroom discussions. They are not required to take examinations but may elect to do so. Normally, credit will not be certified for auditing.

Advanced Standing

An applicant qualified for admission who satisfactorily completed part of his law course in another approved law school, may be admitted to upper classes with advanced standing. Normally, four complete semesters will be required in residence at Boston College immediately preceding the award of a degree.

Fees

Tuition

Tuition for each semester is payable in advance of registration. Tuition for full-time students is \$1,175 per semester for the 1971-1972 school year. Reasonable increase in tuition charges should be expected and anticipated in a student's financial planning. Tuition for a partial program is \$100 per semester hour. There are no costs or fees aside from tuition except a graduation fee of \$20 and annual fees of the Student Bar Association.

The Trustees of Boston College reserve the right to change the rate of tuition and fees and such changes may be made applicable to students already enrolled in the School.

Withdrawals and Refunds

Tuition is refundable subject to the following conditions:

- a) Notice of withdrawal must be made in writing to the Dean.
- b) The date of receipt of withdrawal notice will determine the amount of tuition refund.

Notice within two weeks of first classes

80% tuition refund

Notice within three weeks of first classes

60% tuition refund

Notice within four weeks of first classes

40% tuition refund

Notice within five weeks of first classes

20% tuition refund

No refunds are allowed after fifth week of classes.

If the student does not elect to leave the resulting cash credit balance to his account, for subsequent use, he should notify the University Treasurer in writing to rebate the cash balance of his account.

Financial Aid

Applying for Financial Aid

All applicants to the Law School wishing to be considered for scholarship assistance should so indicate by writing "Financial Aid" at the top of their applications, so that they may compete for the limited number of scholarship grants awarded by the Law School. All other financial aid is processed through the University's Office of Financial Aid.

Applicants to the Law School wishing to be considered for the University's financial aid programs must obtain the necessary applications and financial statements by writing to the Office of Financial Aid, Gasson Hall, Boston College, Chestnut Hill, Massachusetts 02167.

The following procedures are to be observed: The Boston College applications must be completed in full and returned to the Office of Financial Aid. Under ordinary circumstances, all applications should be submitted no later than April 1. The completed Parents' Confidential Statement is to be filed with the appropriate division of the College Scholarship Service as indicated on the statement. A financial needs analysis will then be forwarded to Boston College for evaluation and final decision. Married students should file Supplement C along with the Parents' Confidential Statement. In certain situations where financial independence and separation from the family for a minimum of one year can be properly documented, a Student Confidential Statement may be requested and submitted along with an affidavit of financial independence signed by both the student and his parents. These procedures must be followed annually by every student interested in applying for assistance through the Office of Financial Aid.

All applications and credentials filed in support of the request for financial aid become the property of Boston College and are not returnable. Families should not hesitate to include personal information that would assist in making judgments in the processing of awards. All such information is held strictly confidential. However, misrepresentation may be considered sufficient reason for refusal of admission or exclusion from financial assistance programs. The Office of Financial Aid also reserves the right to request an official copy of your or your family's latest federal income tax return from the appropriate district office of the United States Internal Revenue Service.

Financial Aid Programs

College Work-Study Program

Boston College offers a wide variety of employment opportunities to its students through the federally sponsored College Work-Study Program. Eligible Law School students may be employed on campus or in various off-campus nonprofit agencies. This program frequently provides opportunities for law-related work. Students may work 40 hours per week during summer or other school vacation periods. The Work-Study Program also permits employment

up to 15 hours per week during the school term. As in other financial aid programs, eligibility for participation is based on need, and earnings must be related to total educational costs. Applicants desiring participation in this program following their acceptance at the Boston College Law School must apply to the College Work-Study Coordinator, Office of Financial Aid, Gasson Hall, Boston College, Chestnut Hill, Massachusetts 02167.

National Defense Student Loans

Law students are eligible to receive assistance under the National Defense Student Loan Program, although in recent years, limited funds have restricted the number whom we can help from this source. Applicants must effectively demonstrate that the funds are needed in order to continue their education. Loans are not intended to cover all the expenses of attendance, but rather to supplement the student's earnings, assistance received from families, and other resources. When available, National Defense Loans are usually provided to law students during the second semester of an academic year. Interested students should apply to the Office of Financial Aid.

State Guaranteed Loan Programs

Law School students may apply for loans under the Guaranteed Loan Program in their home states. This program varies from state to state; generally graduate students may borrow up to \$1500 per academic year. Commercial banks, mutual savings banks, savings and loan associations, credit unions and other financial institutions subject to federal or state supervision may be lenders under this program. Students with an adjusted family income of less than \$15,000 a year pay no interest while attending school on a full-time basis. The federal government pays the lender interest during this time. Repayment usually begins nine months after the borrower has completed his studies. For more specific details, interested students should contact their state Higher Education Assistance Agency or a loan officer of their local bank.

United Student Aid Funds, Inc., 845 Third Avenue, New York, is authorized to operate a Guaranteed Loan Program in states which have no agency of their own. It also guarantees loans to students where the state agency does not provide loans for students attending out-of-state colleges, and in certain cases in which local lenders cannot be found.

Methodist Loan Program

Students of the Methodist faith attending the Boston College Law School may apply for funds from the Methodist Board of Education. All inquiries should be directed to the attention of the Methodist Student Loan Officer, Financial Aid Office, Boston College.

Scholarships and Other Loan Funds

The following scholarships are available to students at the Law School:

1) Fifteen Presidential Scholarships, established by the Trustees of Boston College. These are full scholarships to be awarded each year to students entering the Law School. Applicants must be outstanding in their college graduating class and must attain a high score in the Law School Admission Test. Beneficiaries are expected to achieve high scholastic standing.

2) The Keefe Scholarship, established in 1956 by the late Margaret M. Keefe in memory of the Keefe Family.

3) The O'Connell Scholarship, established in 1946 by Patrick A. O'Connell of Boston, in memory of his son, Edmund Fabian O'Connell.

4) Two academic awards of half tuition granted to the highest ranking nonscholarship students entering the second year class.

5) The Walter R. Morris Scholarship, established by the friends of the late Professor Morris who served on the faculty of the Law School from 1929 to 1938.

6) The John J. Flynn, Jr. Loan Fund, established by the past presidents of the Newton-Waltham-Watertown Bar Association in honor of one of their past presidents.

7) The Parker Morris, Esq. Scholarship Fund.

8) The Pitcoff Scholarship Fund. This scholarship was established by the family and friends of the late Robert S. Pitcoff who, having completed one year at the Boston College Law School, was killed in an auto accident September 1, 1964. It is the donor's hope that recipients of such help will be encouraged to feel that, when they become financially able to do so, they should in turn help others by repayment or by addition to this fund.

9) American Bar Association Fund for Legal Education. Students who are in the second and third year of law school are eligible to borrow under this plan up to \$1,500 each academic year. Limited funds are also available under this program for first-year students.

10) Honorable Harold A. Stevens Scholarship Fund, established in honor of Judge Stevens, graduate of the Boston College Law School in the Class of 1936, Judge, Supreme Court of New York, Appellate Division.

All students interested in scholarships, grants and loans are invited to fill out the application and discuss the matter with the Dean or other official of the Law School.

Special Scholarship Programs

Boston College has recognized its obligation to participate in a special way in the general improvement of the society in which it functions. The Law School has been particularly concerned with the economic and educational problems experienced by America's black community and other disadvantaged minority groups, and has established ten full tuition scholarships to be awarded annually to promising students from these groups. Living allowances of up to \$1500 annually are also awarded to those students under this program who establish need.

The Boston Bar Association has established a program of granting several scholarships of up to \$1000 annually to minority group students who receive no other scholarship aid. Preferences are given to such students from the greater Boston area.

Veterans Benefits

Boston College is approved by the Federal Government for the education of veterans under Public Law 89-358. Students should inquire at a Veterans Administration Office for information on benefits.

Academic Regulations

Registration

Successful applicants must register personally at the regular registration period indicated in the current Law School Bulletin. Each applicant is required to present, before or at the time of registration, a recent unmounted passport-size photograph. There is no registration fee.

Grading System

Academic standing is determined by written examinations conducted at the conclusion of each course, except in those elective courses and seminars in which a writing assignment has been substituted for the examination. The quantitative unit of credit is the semester hour, which is equivalent to one hour of classwork per week for one semester of not less than sixteen weeks duration. The qualitative standard determining academic standing, advancement and graduation, is the *grade quotient* as explained below.

Academic achievement in each course is indicated by the following grades, to which are assigned the following *point values* per semester hour:

A+ = 10	B+ = 7	C+ = 4	F = 0
A = 9	B = 6	C = 3	P = X-1
A- = 8	B- = 5	D = 2	

The *point value* of the grade attained in each course is multiplied by the number of semester hours devoted to the course, the result indicating the number of *grade points* earned in the course. For any given period of time, academic standing is determined by dividing the total number of *grade points* earned during the period by the total number of semester hours undertaken. The result is the *grade quotient*, which is of greater importance than any individual course grade.

A student must maintain a *cumulative grade quotient* of at least 3.0 throughout his law school career. Furthermore, in order to advance with satisfactory standing at the end of each year and to graduate at the end of his final year, he must attain a grade quotient of 3.0 in the courses taken during that year.

The academic standing of a student at any given time is determined by his cumulative grade quotient, as follows: Above 6.9, summa cum laude; above 6.6 to 6.9, magna cum laude; above 5.9 to 6.6, cum laude; above 5.0 to 5.9, Dean's List; 3.0 to 5.0, satisfactory; below 3.0, unsatisfactory.

Grade C indicates a satisfactory pass, grade D is unsatisfactory pass, and Grade F a complete failure. The symbol P indicates a passing grade in a course originally failed; its value (X-1) is one point less than the value of the grade (X) attained in the reexamination. Thus, in a reexamination D = 1, C = 2, C+ = 3, and so forth. A student with an F grade, if permitted to remain in the School, has the privilege of taking the next regular examination in the failed course. If this privilege is not exercised, or if the reexamination is failed, the original F becomes permanent. The symbol M indicates a missed examination. A student with a missed examination, who presents good cause in writing to the Dean within a reasonable time after the missed examination, will be granted the privilege of taking the next regular examination in the course. A student exercising the reexamination privilege must fulfill the current examination requirements of the course; special examinations are never given.

The question of the grading and ranking systems within the Law School is presently being studied by a faculty-student committee. Thus the present system may be modified for the 1971-1972 school year.

Attendance

Regular attendance and diligent preparation of all assigned work is required. For excessive absences or inadequate preparation of classwork a student may be excluded from the School by the Faculty or dropped from a course by the professor of the course for unsatisfactory application.



Reinstatement

A student who has been excluded from the School because of an unsatisfactory grade quotient has the privilege of one written petition to the Faculty for reinstatement. The student may also appear before the Faculty to orally supplement his written petition. The purpose of this privilege is solely to provide the excluded student with an opportunity to present to the Faculty specific facts, not contained in the academic record, which rebut the presumption of the record. Reinstatement is never granted unless the petition sustains the burden of proof that extraordinary circumstances, beyond the control of the student, have deprived him of a reasonable opportunity to prepare for the examination which caused his exclusion; and that these extraordinary circumstances are no longer operative.

The Faculty will not entertain petitions which are based upon outside employment.

Degree Requirements

All candidates for the degree of Juris Doctor must follow the prescribed schedule of courses and must carry a full program during the regular academic year. This requirement may be varied, in the discretion of the Dean. The minimum period of required residence for the degree of Juris Doctor is three years (six full semesters).

Leave of absence from Law School, with the right to reenter and resume candidacy for a degree, will be granted for a good cause after an interview with the Dean. Except for unusual reasons approved by the Faculty, all students must complete the requirements for the degree of Juris Doctor within four years of enrollment.

Honors and Prizes

1) An annual Honor Award established by the Class of 1952 to be given to the outstanding graduate of each succeeding class, on the composite basis of class standing, preparation of class assignments, contributing to class discussions, and participation in the extracurricular activities organized for the advancement of the student body and the furtherance of Boston College ideals.

2) A subscription for one year to the United States Law Week is offered by the Bureau of National Affairs to the graduating student who showed the most satisfactory progress during his senior year.

3) Commencement prizes are given annually for outstanding student work through the generosity of Lyne, Woodworth and Evarts, Boston law firm, Thomas Macken Joyce, Esq., '41, John F. Cremens, Esq., '41, and Joseph S. Oteri, Esq., '57.

4) Through the generosity of Selwyn I. Braudy of the Class of 1939, an award is offered periodically in honor of Professor William J. O'Keefe who taught at the Law School from 1929 to 1959.

5) The Boston Safe Deposit and Trust Company sponsors an annual estate planning and drafting contest for the students of the Boston College Law School. The awards are offered as follows: First Prize, \$250; Second Prize, \$150; Third Prize, \$100.

6) Prizes for outstanding work on Law School publications in writing and editorial capacities are awarded annually.

The Order of the Coif

The Order of the Coif, the national honorary society for law students, is designed to promote legal scholarship. The organization has chapters at about fifty of the nation's better law schools. Faculty members of the local chapter at Boston College Law School each year select those to be honored from among those seniors who are academically within the top ten percent of their class and who have actively participated in significant extracurricular activity of a scholarly nature.

Induction ceremonies are held late each spring, at which time a distinguished member of the bench or bar is also ordinarily selected for honorary membership. All members, upon induction, commit themselves to carry out the highest scholarly and public-service traditions of the legal profession. The combination of high standards for selection and the Order's nationwide reputation makes membership a high honor.

Student Activities

Annual Survey of Massachusetts Law

The *Annual Survey of Massachusetts Law*, published by Little, Brown and Company, was established in 1954 to meet the needs of the bench and bar of the Commonwealth and to furnish a select group of students with the writing and editorial responsibility unique to the law review experience. All relevant decisions of the United States Supreme Court, the Court of Appeals for the First Circuit, the District Court for Massachusetts, and the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts are examined with a view toward their historical significance and prospective effect upon the evolution of the law in Massachusetts. Significant federal and state legislation of the past year is surveyed.

Under the supervision of a student Editor in Chief and Associate Editors, subject areas of the law are reviewed by practitioners and legal scholars who have demonstrated notable expertise in their respective fields. Student contributions in the form of casenotes and comments, which provide in-depth analysis of legal issues of special consequence, complement the work of outside authors. Student writing is both expository and critical, considering major problems facing the Commonwealth with suggestions for legislative or judicial remedies and solutions.

Board of Student Advisers

The Board of Student Advisers consists of upperclassmen chosen on the basis of academic achievement and demonstrated interest in law school programs. The Board is both an honor and a service organization which chooses its own officers, makes its own operating rules and determines the means for carrying out its duties. Responsibilities of the Board of Student Advisers include:

- (1) Participation with the Student Bar Association in a program of orientation and consultation for first-year students;
- (2) Conducting the Wendell F. Grimes Moot Court Competition, and
- (3) Assistance of the Teaching Fellows, who conduct the Legal Research and Writing course, by acting as advisers to first-year students in their writing projects and moot court program.

Boston College Industrial and Commercial Law Review

The students are responsible for the publication of the *Boston College Industrial and Commercial Law Review* six times each year. A senior Board of Editors chosen by the Editors of the prior year supervises the work of second- and third-year Staff members. Criteria for membership are academic achievement by leading outside authors as well as students of subjects within the ever-Board. Staff members and Editors write a substantial part of each issue of the *Law Review*.

The *Law Review* was established to achieve several purposes. First, it provides a laboratory where selected students may pursue independent research, employ and perfect knowledge and skills acquired in course work and publish the fruits of their efforts for the benefit of the profession. Second, the *Law Review* aids lawyers and judges alike in its thorough and well-reasoned treatment by leading outside authors as well as students of subjects within the ever expanding fields of industrial and commercial law. The *Law Review* has, in recent years, stressed the modern social and economic impact of the law in its areas of emphasis, greatly influencing the reanalysis and redevelopment of the governing principles.

Uniform Commercial Code Reporter-Digest

In 1965, a law student staff under the direction of a faculty editor published the *Uniform Commercial Code Reporter-Digest*. This book is now kept current by a student staff consisting of an Editor in Chief and four assistant editors, and supplements are published several times annually. This publication compliments the nationally recognized work of the *Law Review* in the commercial law area.

Boston College Legal Assistance Bureau

The Boston College Legal Assistance Bureau is a student-managed legal assistance office operating out of its own office in the nearby city of Waltham. Some seventy-five second- and third-year law students assume the responsibility of individual clients; the student counsel interviews the client, decides upon the proper course of action, and proceeds with the handling of the case as an attorney would all the way through any necessary trials and appeals. The student is given the necessary guidance through the attorney on the staff of the Bureau, but is expected to take on the full responsibility of the case showing the necessary initiative and legal expertise for the successful closing of the case.

BC-LAB endeavors to give the highest standard of legal assistance to all those who are unable to afford an attorney. The areas of the law covered include: domestic relations, landlord-tenant law, debt and consumer law problems, contracts, torts (defense), administrative law, criminal law, juvenile delinquency law, and the area of the mentally ill and retarded. The BC-LAB is working on legislative reform in those areas of poverty law which cannot be changed through the judicial process; it is involved in the education of the poor of Waltham in areas of the law affecting them; and it represents groups of the poor who are striving for equal rights under the law.

Besides providing needed legal assistance to the underprivileged, BC-LAB offers students an opportunity to work with the law and to make their studies of law more meaningful and rewarding. Membership in the BC-LAB is open to all at the Law School and is based solely on the individual merits of the student as shown through interviews given at the end of each academic year.

Faculty-Student Committees

Students are appointed by the Student Bar Association to serve on the following Faculty-Student Committees:

ACADEMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE—This committee deals with the questions of law school planning, including grading, ranking, and other policy decisions, to insure a continuing evaluation of present structures and methods.

ADMISSIONS COMMITTEE—The Admissions Committee deals with establishing the criteria upon which students will be accepted for admission to the Law School. The committee will also concern itself with the criteria upon which students are judged for financial aid. (Students on this committee do not make determinations in individual cases but just in the establishing of policies.)

APPOINTMENTS COMMITTEE—This committee will deal with determining in what area new faculty members are needed and will also interview prospective new faculty.

BUILDING AND SPACE COMMITTEE—This committee considers the physical growth of the Law School in terms of present and future space needs.

CURRICULUM COMMITTEE—The Curriculum Committee considers and

recommends new course offerings that reflect the changing concepts of legal education.

LEGAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM COMMITTEE—This committee acts in an advisory capacity to the student Board of Directors of the Legal Assistance Bureau.

LIBRARY COMMITTEE—The Library Committee deals with the planning of policy and procedure in the library.

MINORITY STUDENT PROGRAM COMMITTEE—This committee develops special programs for minority group students.

PLACEMENT COMMITTEE—The Placement Committee deals with all aspects of placement for graduate law students.

PUBLICATIONS COMMITTEE—The Publications Committee deals with policies concerning the publications of the Law School.

Law Clubs

In his first year, each law student is assigned to one of the law clubs. By so dividing the class into groups, the law club provides the student an opportunity to develop closer relations with his own classmates and also to associate with upperclassmen within his club.

The Law Club program covers a broad spectrum of activities. The primary focus of the Clubs is the orientation of first-year students. The Clubs assist in the orientation program and advise students during the course of the year. The first year moot court program is organized under the auspices of the Clubs. Athletic and social programs are also developed by these organizations.

Law Wives' Club

The Law Wives' Club, an organization made up of all the students' wives, conducts social and cultural events throughout the school year.

National Consumer Law Center

The National Consumer Law Center was established at Boston College Law School in June of 1969 under the auspices of the Office of Economic Opportunity. The Center is one of six designed to aid the poor in the United States through study and reform of legal doctrines which work to their detriment. The other five centers are: Social Welfare Law at Columbia University; Housing at Berkeley; Education at Harvard University, Health at UCLA, and Juvenile Law at St. Louis University.

The Consumer Law Center conceives its goals to be three: First, the Center aids some two thousand legal services attorneys across the country in solving their day-to-day consumer law problems. In this connection, the Center prepares practice guides and materials for various facets of consumer law, particularly as they affect the poor. On a daily basis, the Center answers inquiries by telephone and correspondence from the lawyers in the field. Second, the Center engages in efforts at law reform. The major thrust toward this goal is in achieving consumer protection legislation at local, state, and federal levels. Within this effort are changes in administrative regulations by government agencies empowered to legislate by regulation. In this respect, the Center drafts and promotes legislation in connection with legal services programs and law reform programs in every state. Increasingly, the Center will be assisting legal services attorneys in prosecuting test cases where reform by court decision seems possible and most expedient. Third, the Consumer Law Center engages

in an assistance program of training legal services attorneys in consumer law matters. The Center hopes to create a team of experts in every jurisdiction.

The Center staff consists of a Director, a professor at the Law School, senior staff attorneys, including one with extensive experience in litigation and another in legislative matters; several staff attorneys, usually recent law school graduates; and ten second- and third-year law students who are staff assistants on a full time basis during the summer and a part-time basis during the academic year. In addition, the Center conducts an elective seminar in consumer law problems in which the participants undertake projects directly related to the goals of the Center, a seminar course in Public Utilities and the Consumer, and a course for para-professionals in Consumer Law.

Environmental Law Center

In 1969, the Environmental Law Center was established at the Law School under a Director, two senior part-time staff assistants and a student staff. The Center performs extensive research and drafting service for governmental agencies and private groups interested in the environmental area, and is developing a new journal, *Environmental Affairs*. It works with the Boston College Environmental Center and other units of the University on specific projects, seminars and forums, and has developed projects of its own for funding by public and private sources.

National Moot Court Competition

Each year a team of three students from Boston College represents the Law School in the National Moot Court Competition sponsored by the Young Lawyers' Committee of the Bar Association of the City of New York. Some 100 of the nation's law schools participate in the Competition which was inaugurated in 1950 to help develop the level of appellate advocacy among law students. For purposes of the National Competition, the country is divided into fifteen regions. In each region, elimination rounds of argument are held among the participating schools in the region. The winners of regional rounds advance to the final rounds which are held in New York City in December. The winner of the final round is the national champion.

The art of appellate advocacy, like all arts, is best acquired and perfected by actual experience. The National Moot Court Competition provides a unique opportunity for acquiring this experience and students are encouraged to seek membership on the team. This membership is restricted to students who have participated in the Grimes Competition.

Representation of Persons Charged With Wrongdoing

Students in the Juvenile Delinquency Seminar (see course description) have the opportunity of representing children charged with delinquency in the Juvenile Court. Other students have opportunities to represent indigents in criminal cases under Rule 11 of the General Rules of the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts.

Student Bar Association

The Boston College Student Bar Association is a member of the American Law Student Association, the student affiliate of the American Bar Association. The Association, whose members are all the students at the School, sponsors many cocurricular and extracurricular activities during the year. Membership in the Student Bar Association is required, and the annual dues are payable upon registration for classes in September.

The Association, through the Chairman of the Board of Student Advisors who is an *ex officio* member of the Board of Governors, assists in the work of the first-year study groups and the Wendell F. Grimes Moot Court Competition. The Association also conducts an extensive Forum series which attracts to the School outstanding speakers from the fields of law, government and business. The Student Bar Association aids in publishing the Law School newspaper, *Sui Juris*. During the course of the year, the Association sponsors a broad range of social activities including smokers, parties and dances. The fundamental aim of the Association is to inculcate in the students an awareness and consciousness of the many facets of the legal profession and to acquaint them, while yet students, with the special values of an organized bar association.

Sui Juris

Sui Juris is the news journal of the Student Bar Association and the Alumni. It is under the editorship of a student board selected by the Student Bar Association and is published five times during the school year. The primary purpose of *Sui Juris* is to inform the student body and the alumni of developments at the School and of newsworthy events concerning the alumni. *Sui Juris* is distributed without charge to the student body, alumni and friends of the Law School and has a circulation of over four thousand.

The Dag Hammarskjöld Society of International Law

The Society was established to provide a source of cocurricular activity in the area of international law, focusing on both its public and private aspects. Distinguished authorities on international law, foreign lawyers and government officials are invited to speak at the Special Speaker Series. These talks are traditionally followed by informal receptions for the speakers, students and faculty members. In hopes of expanding interest in this area, a Foreign Study Program was established in 1967.

The Philip C. Jessup International Law Moot Tribunal Competition is an annual inter-law school appellate moot tribunal competition sponsored by the Association of Student International Law Societies for its members and other invited law schools. The competition consists of three rounds of arguments: regional rounds, semifinal rounds, and final rounds. There are five regions. The semifinals and finals are held in conjunction with the American Society of International Law.

Each year the Society sends a team of five students to represent Boston College in the Philip C. Jessup International Law Moot Court Competition.

Wendell F. Grimes Competition

The Wendell F. Grimes Competition, named for the late professor who was for many years moderator of the moot court program, is the intraschool moot court competition.

A trial court decision in a hypothetical case is the subject of appeal. Teams of two participants prepare appellate briefs for each side of the case and argue before an "appellate court" in the McLaughlin Memorial Courtroom. Both briefs and oral presentations are evaluated to determine winners in each round of the competition. Finalists are awarded trophies and the winners' names are engraved on a permanent trophy. Faculty members, practicing attorneys and judges from state and federal courts serve as judges in successive rounds of the competition.

Participation in moot court requires the kinds of research, preparation, advocacy and legal skills sought by firms, government agencies and courts in filling positions for law graduates.

Other Activities

Other activities currently include a discussion group which holds periodic open meetings to consider problems of professional responsibility and a chapter of the national Law Students Civil Rights Research Council which prepares draft briefs and research memoranda for civil rights lawyers throughout the country.

In addition to student activities which are particular to the Law School, the great variety of other University activities and organizations are also open to students of the Law School.

Many legal and service organizations throughout the greater Boston area have need for the assistance of law students and many from Boston College Law School work with these groups both during the year and full-time during the summer months.

University Services

Alumni Association

The 3400 living graduates of the Boston College Law School are members of the School's Alumni Association. This organization helps in placement work, brings outstanding speakers to dinner gatherings of the Alumni, sponsors regional meetings and seeks in many ways to enhance the prestige and advance the interests of the Law School.

The Alumni Directory, updated at least every third year, has proved to be especially valuable to the alumni of the School who practice law in most of the states of the Union.

Athletic Facilities

All law students are eligible to participate in the extensive athletic program and facilities of the University.

Bookstore

For the student's convenience, the campus bookstore stocks books used for courses of study in all schools at Boston College. In addition, the bookstore offers a wide selection of paperback titles, student supplies, gift and personal items, and novelties. The Law School sets up, through the Student Bar Association, a bookstore at the School at the beginning of each semester to facilitate ready purchase of required texts and casebooks.

Office of Student Financial Aid

The Financial Aid Office serves students in all schools of the University. The permanent, professional staff of counselors in this department offers information and assistance in matters of student educational expenses and programs of financial aid. Members of this staff are available by appointment during the year for consultations with students.

Placement Service

The Law School maintains a Placement Office to help students find advantageous employment after graduation. This office is under the direction of the Associate Dean. Other members of the faculty are available for consultation.

A complete placement file is maintained on each student so that his qualifications and objectives may be matched with prospective placement situations as they develop.

Representatives of leading law firms and government agencies annually visit the Law School to interview candidates for prospective placements. Recent graduates of the Law School have obtained an ever increasing number of graduate fellowships, judicial clerkships and other significant positions. A student is called upon to use his own imagination in obtaining career objectives.

Summer positions in law firms after the second year of Law School are available. An increasing number of appointments in student internships in legal aid groups, federal and state courts are also available.

The University's Placement Office maintains a complete service for positions other than professional legal ones.

Health Services

Law students at their option, may obtain group health insurance through the University student health plan. University infirmary facilities are also available to unmarried law students.

University Libraries

Supporting all the teaching and research of the University are the collections and services of the University libraries. Through Bapst Library and eight departmental libraries circulate more than one million books and periodicals that constitute an ever growing resource essential to the work of students and faculties.

Bapst, the central library, houses the main collections in humanities, education, and social sciences. It also holds the largest periodical collection, consisting of languages and literature, social sciences, and general periodicals. The Rare Books and Special Collections Departments are also located in Bapst Library.

In addition to Bapst, the main library, Boston College maintains branch libraries in its School of Management, Graduate School of Social Work, School of Nursing, School of Education, Institute of Human Sciences, and School of Theology. There is also the Kenny Memorial Library of the Law School, as well as a special science library.



Program of Instruction

The Law School's program of instruction is designed to prepare the student to practice law in any jurisdiction in the United States. The common law and important statutes, both state and federal, are studied.

Program of Instruction

(Subject to Change)

First Year

First Semester

Constitutional Law	3
Contracts	3
Property	3
Civil Procedure	23
Torts	3
Legal Writing	1
(Hours) 15	16

Second Semester

Constitutional Law	2
Contracts	3
Property	3
Civil Procedure	3
Torts	3
Business Associations	2
(Hours) 16	17

Second and Third Years

All courses *Elective*. Must carry minimum of five courses each semester.

Elective Courses

Administrative Law
Administrative Law and the Poor
Admiralty

Business Planning

Commercial Law I and II
Commercial Transactions in Land
Comparative Legal Analysis
Conflict of Laws
Constitutional Law Seminar
Consumer Law Seminar I and II
Copyright

Corporate Finance
Corporate Taxation
Corporations
Creditors' Rights
Crimes
Criminal Procedure

Damages
Decedents' Estates
Developmental Planning
Environmental Control Seminar
Equity

Estate Planning
Evidence

Family Law I and II
Federal Courts
Federal Income Taxation
Federal Tax Policy Seminar

Income Maintenance and Social
Policy I & II
Insurance
International Aspects of U.S.
Income Taxation Seminar
International Business Transactions
International Law
International Law Seminar

Juvenile Delinquency Seminar

Labor Law
Labor Law Seminar
Land Use Control and Planning
Law and Corrections
Law in Action
Legal Accounting

Legal Philosophy
Legal Philosophy Seminar
Legal Process Seminar
Local Government Law

Medical Evidence Seminar
Mental Illness and the Law

Public Interest and the Utilities

Restitution

Securities Regulation
State and Local Taxation Seminar

Trade Regulation
Trade Regulation Seminar
Trial of Criminal Cases
Trial Practice
Trusts and Estates

Urban Law Laboratory
Urban-Poverty Law
Urban-Poverty Law Seminar
Urban-Poverty Law Workshop

The Law School also offers its second- and third-year students opportunities to take limited courses in the School of Social Work and the Graduate School of Arts & Sciences. Upon application to the faculty, students may be permitted to take courses at other law schools in the area.

Description of Courses

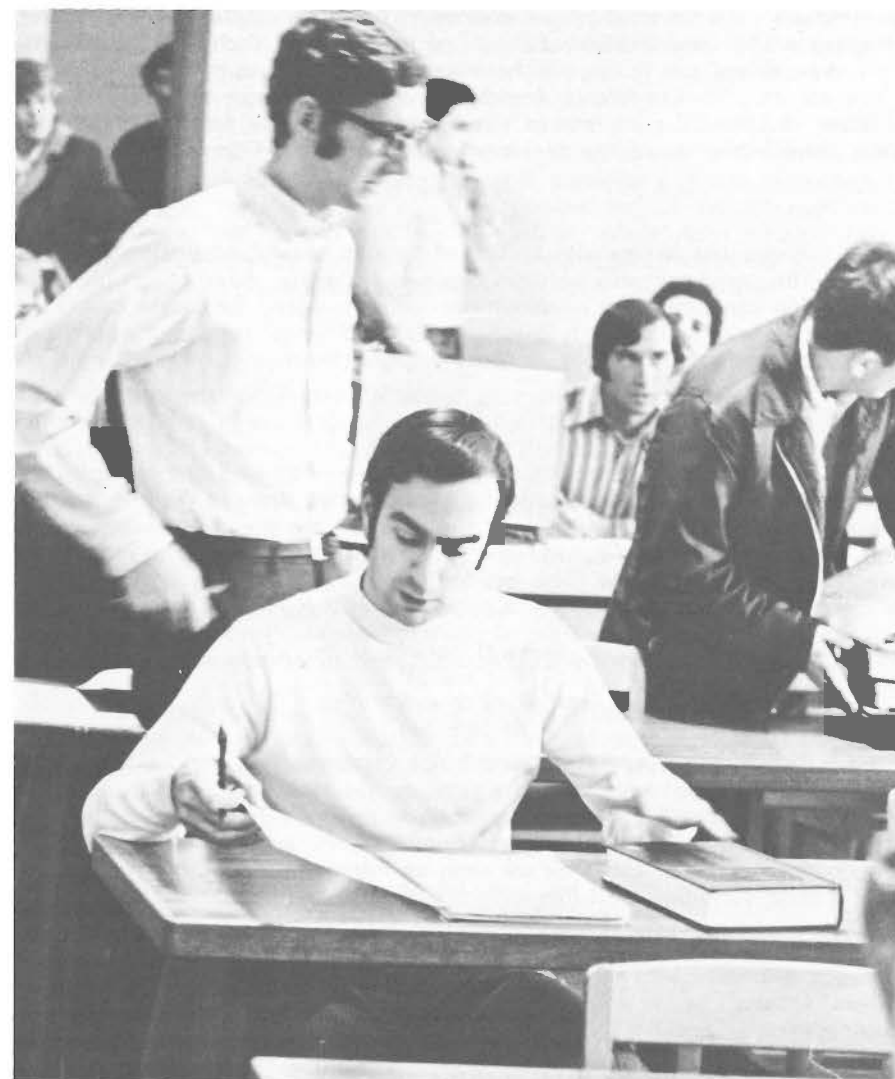
First-Year Required Courses

Business Associations (3 Sem. hrs.)

An introduction to the law of agency, partnerships, limited partnerships, business trusts, and corporations, designed to focus attention on the structure and characteristics of various forms of business organization. Problems arising in connection with their organization and operation, including the legal status of the relationship among members of the business enterprise and their rights and liabilities as to outside parties will be examined. Agency rules of general application will be considered in detail.

Civil Procedure (5 Sem. hrs.)

An introduction to the rules of law governing the conduct of litigation. After an overview of the entire sequence of events from commencement to final disposition of a lawsuit, the following topics are considered in detail: pleadings; discovery and other pretrial devices; summary disposition without trial; the trial, including rulings on motions; appellate review; the effect of prior adjudications; the jurisdiction of courts; and multiple parties and causes of action. Also introduced are the law-equity distinction and the division of business between federal and state courts. The Federal Rules of Civil Procedures are emphasized to give a rounded view of a single, modern procedural system, but other procedural arrangements are also examined.



Constitutional Law
(5 Sem. hrs.)

Covers the following major topics: the doctrine of judicial review of legislation. Reciprocal immunities of the federal and state government. Express and implied powers of the federal government. The commerce clause as a source of federal power and as a limitation upon the power of states. The constitutional provisions in aid of individual rights and privileges, particularly the due process clause and equal protection clause.

Contracts
(6 Sem. hrs.)

Contract as a principle of order. The movement from Status to Contract. The role of contract in society. The basic ideals of an individualistic law of contracts. The "Anatomy of a Promise." Contracts implied in law. Offer, acceptance and consideration. Fairness of the bargain—Exchange justice. Assignments, delegation, third party beneficiaries. The statute of frauds. The parole evidence rule. Conditions. Impossibility of performance and frustration of purpose. Substantial performance. Restitutional remedies for breach of contract. Introduction to certain provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code.

Property
(6 Sem. hrs.)

The course begins with a study of the concepts of possession and relativity of title, using primarily personal property materials. After a brief historical introduction concerning the development of the land law, the course covers the following areas of real property law: basic landlord-tenant and vendor-purchaser law, concurrent estates in land, non-possessory interests in land, and some aspects of land use.

Torts
(6 Sem. hrs.)

Assault, battery, false imprisonment, trespass to land and chattels, and intentional infliction of mental suffering. An intensive study of the law of negligence, or accident law; an analysis of the concept; the measure of damages in personal injury litigation. Survival and wrongful death actions. The concept of strict liability. Nuisance law. The tort liability of owners and occupiers of land, or manufacturers, contractors, and suppliers of chattels. Misrepresentation, libel and slander, invasion of the right of privacy, malicious prosecution and abuse of process, and interference with contractual and other advantageous relations.

Legal Research and Writing
(1 Sem. hr.)

This is not a separate course but a component of one of the regular first-year courses (not necessarily the same course each year); to that course is allocated an extra unit of credit. The work on research and writing includes an analysis of the manner of reading and briefing cases, an intensive study of the tools of legal research and their use, and an introduction to the techniques of legal writing, including legal memoranda and appellate briefs.

Second- and Third-Year Elective Courses

Administrative Law
(3 Sem. hrs.)

A study of the role of administrative agencies, both federal and state, in creating rules and policies and applying them to particular cases. Major top-

ics considered in the course include: (1) constitutional limitations on the allocation of functions to administrative agencies; (2) the investigatory, supervisory, consultative, negotiating and prosecutory functions of agencies; (3) the issuing by agencies of legislative and interpretive rules; (4) the necessity for and conduct of adjudicatory hearings by agencies; (5) problems arising from the combination of functions within agencies; (6) judicial control of administrative action: the right to, and scope of, judicial review, and the obstacles imposed by doctrines of standing, ripeness, exhaustion of remedies, and sovereign immunity.

Administrative Law and the Poor
(2 Sem. hrs.)

This course is concerned with the law of grant-making agencies. It will analyze the growing body of law that is subjecting administrative agencies—particularly Federal Agencies—to comprehensive scrutiny by those people, usually poor people, who are the ultimate intended beneficiaries of the programs administered by these agencies. Using case histories of the last two years, involving principally the Departments of Labor, Agriculture, and HUD, the course will discuss (a) the evolution of an agency from problem-solving to problem-avoiding, (b) the relationship between grant-making agency action and judicial review, (c) administrative discretion, and (d) continuing contrast between (1) the minima that the laws require of social agencies and (2) the optimum use of authority within the maxima that the laws allow. While *Administrative Law* is not a formal prerequisite, some knowledge of the subject is essential, and those who have not taken it will be expected to do some extra reading.

Admiralty
(3 Sem. hrs.)

Examination of essential topics in maritime law. Jurisdiction (subjects and waters); maritime liens; ship mortgages; personal injury; wrongful death; limitation of shipowners' liability; charter parties; carriage of goods; bills of lading; marine insurance; general average; collision; salvage.

An attempt will be made to evaluate the utility and fairness of existing rules and statutes. Under particular circumstances, and with the approval of the instructor, third-year students may be permitted to submit a paper in completion of the course requirements; such students as may receive such permission will be expected to continue classroom participation.

Business Planning
(2 Sem. hrs.)

A study of a number of basic problem cases in the organization, financing, combination and liquidation of a business venture in terms of applicable corporate, tax and securities law. Students read materials necessary to develop answers to the problems in class discussion and through periodic written solutions. *Corporations* and *Federal Income Taxation* are prerequisites. (Limited to 25 third-year students.)

Commercial Law I and II
(5 Sem. hrs.)

The legal and commercial problems in transactions with personal property, including distribution of goods and services, role of commercial paper and secured and unsecured credit. The core of the course is the Uniform Commercial Code. Effort is directed to developing skills in statutory construction and in the solution of pragmatic commercial problems. This is a full-year course; students may take either the whole course or the fall semester only.

Commercial Transactions In Land
(2 Sem. hrs.)

A course in seminar form designed to explore modern applications of vendor-purchaser law. Purchase and sale agreements, mortgages, and title security are related to modern federal and state tax, mortgage insurance and housing law. The commonly used forms of ownership of real estate—trusts, corporations, cooperatives, condominiums, and others are explored. Reports are made in class and a final paper on an appropriate subject is required. Limited to third-year students.

Comparative Legal Analysis
(2 Sem. hrs.)

Several selected problems in French and German law will be considered. The focus of the analysis will be on differing legal solutions to common social and economic problems with a view to developing the student's ability to think creatively about his own legal system. The seminar will not attempt to give a working knowledge of any foreign legal system. After an examination of the structure and function of French and German legal institutions (the legislative and judicial processes under a code system), the seminar will proceed to an examination of topics which may include contracts, agency, corporations and land use problems. The materials for the seminar will consist of translated, mimeographed materials and selected texts in English. No foreign language competence is needed.

Conflict of Laws
(3 Sem. hrs.)

The law applicable to transactions having contacts with more than one state. The course considers such problems as the following: domicile; classification and renvoi; substance and procedure; choice of law rules applied with respect to torts, workmen's compensation, contracts, property, marriage and divorce; and the influence of the Constitution upon conflict of laws problems.

Constitutional Law Seminar
(3 Sem. hrs.)

A seminar in which are considered various current problems of public law, particularly in areas not treated in other courses. Members of the seminar go through the various steps of certiorari and appeal practice in constitutional litigation before the Supreme Court, and prepare papers on assigned topics or topics of their own selection. Limited to twenty students.

Consumer Law Seminar I and II
(2 Hrs. each Semester)

Abuses, frauds, and exploitative practices perpetrated on low-income consumers are examined. Legislative, administrative, and litigative remedies are also analyzed.

In lieu of the usual seminar papers, students will function as adjunct staff of the National Consumer Law Center and prepare model legislation, pleadings, briefs, and memoranda in response to requests for technical assistance from Legal Services Programs. Supervision will be provided by the Center staff. Enrollment will be limited to ten students, preferably second-year, who will be selected with a view to being employed as legal interns the following summer. Students may enroll for one or both semesters. In the fall semester, discussion will focus on practices exploitive of consumers; in the spring semester, remedies will be considered.

Copyright
(3 Sem. hrs.)

A study of the American law of protection of literary and artistic intellectual property, both at common law and by statute. Some of the topics examined will include: publication; copyright notice; originality; infringement; fair use; remedies; and, to the extent it is not covered in other courses, unfair competition. Portions of the proposed revision of the Copyright Act will be studied critically. Students will be encouraged to submit papers in fulfillment of the course requirements; such papers will be eligible for the annual Nathan Burkan Memorial Competition conducted by ASCAP.

Corporate Finance
(2 Sem. hrs.)

An examination of problems rising out of the promotion, organization, management, reorganization and dissolution of the corporate entity. Liabilities of the promoter; rights, liabilities and interests of the Shareholders; preemptive rights; Capital Stock, classes and types, rights and interests thereof. Special consideration of corporate distributions and redemptions. Organic changes in the corporation; mergers, consolidations, sales of assets or stock and recapitalizations. The amendment power and dissolution. *Corporations* is a prerequisite.

Corporate Taxation
(3 Sem. hrs.)

Tax problems in connection with the organization, operation, purchase and sale, and liquidation of corporations, and of corporate dividends, including stock dividends, redemptions, and distributions in partial and complete liquidation. Tax treatment of business purchase agreements, collapsible corporations, personal holding companies, and corporations with improper accumulated earnings. *Federal Income Taxation* is a prerequisite. Limited to third-year students who have completed *Federal Income Taxation*.

Corporations
(3 Sem. hrs.)

The structure and characteristics of modern business corporations, both large, publicly held enterprises and small, closely-held concerns. The major part of the course deals with the promotion, organization, and management of corporations and considers in detail the distribution of corporate powers between management and shareholders; the manner in which such powers are exercised by shareholders, directors, and officers under statutory authority and private agreement; the limitations placed upon such powers by the fiduciary principle and federal regulations; the enforcement of corporate duties by public agencies and by shareholder action, including derivative suits and class actions; and the creation, maintenance, decrease and increase of corporate capital.

Creditors' Rights
(3 Sem. hrs.)

The collective rights of creditors are considered, including compositions, creditors' agreements, assignments for the benefit of creditors, and arrangements. Primary emphasis is given to the first seven chapters of the Bankruptcy Act. Certain rights of individual creditors are also considered.

Crimes
(2 Sem. hrs.)

General principles underlying the use of the criminal law are examined,

especially as these are involved in the sentencing responsibilities of legislatures, courts and administrators. The nature and scope of several defenses as well as the substantive offenses are considered in detail.

Criminal Procedure
(2 Sem. hrs.)

The legal requirements of the criminal process relating to arrest, interrogations, trial and other procedures derived from constitutional, statutory and common law sources. Emphasis is placed on relating the law to relevant criminological material. Students must have taken or be taking *Crimes*.

Damages
(2 Sem. hrs.)

General principles of damages: value, certainty, avoidable consequences, interest and expenses of litigation. Material will also be selected from the following topics: damages in tort actions (exemplary damages, personal injuries, wrongful death, defamation, deceit, injuries to the interests of owners of personal property and real property); damages for breach of contract (restriction to foreseeable losses and other standard rules operative in contract cases, loss of future performance, construction contracts, liquidated damage clauses). Limited to third-year students.

Decedent's Estates
(2 Sem. hrs.)

Intestate succession; limits on freedom of testation; execution and revocation of wills; interpretation and construction of wills; will contests; contracts to make wills; will substitutes; administration of estates. May not be taken by students who have had *Trusts and Estates*.

Developmental Planning
(3 Sem. hrs.)

The seminar is organized to make maximum use of group discussion and case material describing contemporary episodes in urban centers. The analysis of the material is followed by an examination of theoretical considerations with emphasis on the relationship among the several aspects of the urban scene, including social, political, economic, legal, administrative and spatial dimensions. The seminar focuses on the complexities of developmental urban social policy-making and problem-solving, viewing the human settlement as a societal sub-system. Participants are selected from several disciplines. No more than three law students can register.

Environmental Control Seminar
(6 Sem. hrs.)

A two-semester seminar designed to introduce students to legal problems of control of the environment. The areas of air, water, thermal and noise pollution, and conservation and open-space are covered. Scientific and sociological information on environmental control are discussed by outside scholars in the appropriate fields, as necessary background to the study of the area. The seminar is divided into two phases. Phase One consists of the presentation of substantive, decisional and statutory law in the traditional law school format in the areas of pollution problems mentioned above. Phase Two consists of a series of problems, the fact patterns of problems will present a situation in which various interest groups represented by students will be required to advocate their positions. These problems are designed to acquaint students with

the procedures of various agencies, legislative and administrative committees and courts with which the environmental lawyer must deal. Each problem will include the preparation of some legal document such as a brief, memorandum or statute and several of them will involve the examination of expert witnesses.

Equity
(4 Sem. hrs.)

History of Equity; powers of the courts; specific performance of affirmative and negative contracts; relief for and against third persons; equitable servitudes; conversion by contract; partial performance; the Statute of Frauds; relief against torts including trespass, nuisance; wrongs involving criminal misconduct; business injuries; defamation and protection of interests of person-ality; social and political relations.

Estate Planning
(3 Sem. hrs.)

An examination of the various methods of preserving and disposing of wealth to benefit the family group. The uses of the will, inter vivos revocable and irrevocable trusts, non-trust gifts, the different kinds of insurance, and forms of concurrent ownership as instruments in the estate plan. Analysis of the impact of estate, inheritance, gift and income taxes on the disposition of property under different plans. An examination of estate plans with emphasis on draftsmanship and the desirability of the different modes of procedure open to the estate planner. Special consideration of future interest problems, powers of appointment, disposition of business interests, the marital deduction, multiple state death and income taxation of dispositions of property and charitable gifts. *Trusts and Estates* is a prerequisite.

Evidence
(3 Sem. hrs.)

Law and fact, functions of the judge and the jury; testimonial, circumstantial, and real evidence; relevancy, competency and privilege; writings; examination of witness, offer of evidence, exceptions and review of questions of law and fact.

Family Law I and II
(3 Sem. hrs. each)

The first part of a two-part course (of which each part may be taken separately for credit) which examines, in the light of legal theory and the behavioral sciences, the family as perceived by the state in the promulgation, enactment, construction, and administration of its laws. Part I concerns the Parent-Child relationship. Part II concerns the Husband-Wife relationship.

Federal Courts
(2 Sem. hrs.)

An analysis of the function of the federal courts in the operation of the federal system, with particular emphasis on the distribution of power between federal and state courts and the limitations on federal judicial power. Special attention is directed to the role of the Supreme Court in umpiring the federal system. Related problems of federal procedure are also considered.

Federal Income Taxation
(4 Sem. hrs.)

This course will examine the structure and content of the federal in-

come tax system. Materials covered will include the concept of income, realization, deductions, splitting of income, capital gains, tax accounting and tax procedure. The course will attempt to give the student some technical proficiency in solving tax problems as well as an understanding of the tax policy decisions implicit in the technical rules. This course should be taken by all students who wish to do future work in the tax area.

Federal Tax Policy Seminar
(2 Sem. hrs.)

This seminar considers in some depth selected questions of federal tax policy. The course attempts to discover, articulate and examine critically the policy rationale behind various of the substantive taxing provisions. Topics include capital gains taxation, depreciation, tax-exempt securities, political contributions, charitable deduction and other issues of current significance. Students should have previously taken the course in *Federal Income Taxation*; they also should have taken (or be taking concurrently) one other tax course.

Income Maintenance and Social Policy I and II
(3 Sem. hrs. each)

The various federal and state laws and private plans which comprise our hybrid system of social insurance are presented to show how they maintain family income when the wage-earner is unable to work because of injury, disease, unemployment, retirement, old age or death. The first section of the course primarily covers workmen's compensation. Social Security (Old Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance), unemployment benefits, and private health and accident, pension and profit-sharing plans are covered in the second portion of the course. Proposals for reform, including the negative income tax and expansion of social security, will be studied, giving the student experience in the formulation of legislative proposals by application of social policy and legal analysis. Opportunities for legal action will be made available to interested students.

Insurance
(2 Sem. hrs.)

An examination of the rules, principles and concepts of insurance law; the formation and regulation of the insurance carrier; the special characteristics and requirements of the insurance contract. Particular attention is given to the construction and enforcement of insurance contracts, to the legal devices upon which the insurer relies in the selection and control of risks, and to the interrelationship of insurance and insurers with governmental social security programs. Also considered are the problems of premium rate determination, the antitrust aspects of concerted rate-making and the effectiveness of insurance in achieving economic and social objectives.

International Aspects of U.S. Income Taxation Seminar
(2 Sem. hrs.)

This seminar considers the application of United States income tax laws to nonresident aliens and foreign corporations doing business in the United States and to the overseas activities of United States persons and corporations. The decisions of tax policy implicit in the substantive taxing provisions will be examined in some detail. Special attention will be given to the problem of international double taxation and the various unilateral and bilateral solutions to the problem. Students must have taken *Federal Income Taxation*.

International Business Transactions
(3 Sem. hrs.)

A seminar which will study some of the more difficult legal problems facing American business enterprises engaged in activities in other countries. After examining the principles controlling the scope and effect of national law upon international transactions, attention will be given to a variety of specific problems, including an examination of the possibilities available for the organization of business abroad, the protection of intangible industrial property, the reach of United States and EEC antitrust statutes, and the taxation of foreign income. Open only to third-year students. It is recommended that students wishing to take this course first take *International Law*.

International Law
(3 Sem. hrs.)

An introductory course, treating of the principles and practice of the law governing interstate relations. The course will consider such topics as the nature and sources of international law, international claims, treaties and other international agreements, recognition of states and governments, territory, jurisdiction of states, nationality, peaceful settlement of international disputes, and war.

International Law Seminar
(2 Sem. hrs.)

An investigation of selected problems of public international law. Attention will be given to the use and evaluation of international law materials. Open only to third-year students who have completed *International Law* and who have the instructor's permission to enroll; limited to twenty-five students.

Juvenile Delinquency Seminar
(5 Sem. hrs.)

The law governing juvenile offenders is examined in the light of knowledge concerning the problem of delinquency contributed by the social sciences. Police practices, court procedures, and varied programs for the prevention and treatment of delinquency are analyzed. Field trips to institutions relevant to the field of study are undertaken and students are assigned as legal counsel for cases pending in the Boston Juvenile Court. Enrollment is limited and open to third-year students only. *Crimes* is a prerequisite course.

Labor Law
(3 Sem. hrs.)

Introductory consideration of organized labor in a free enterprise society. Establishment of collective bargaining including representation and bargaining status under the National Labor Relations Act. Nature of the collective bargaining process, collective bargaining agreements and their administration with the use of grievance machinery and arbitration. Legal limitations on employer and union economic pressure. Legal controls which are applicable to intra-union relationships.

Labor Law Seminar
(2 Sem. hrs.)

This advanced labor law course is available to students who have completed the basic course in labor law; it is primarily concerned with the problems of the National Labor Relations Board practice and procedure and the lawyer's part in the collective bargaining process. Transcripts of fictitious Board

hearings are examined and form the basis for discussion and reports. State Labor Relations Acts and developments in the field of arbitration are also examined. Collective bargaining in the public sector will be covered. Students are required to write also on problems of first impression in the field of labor relations.

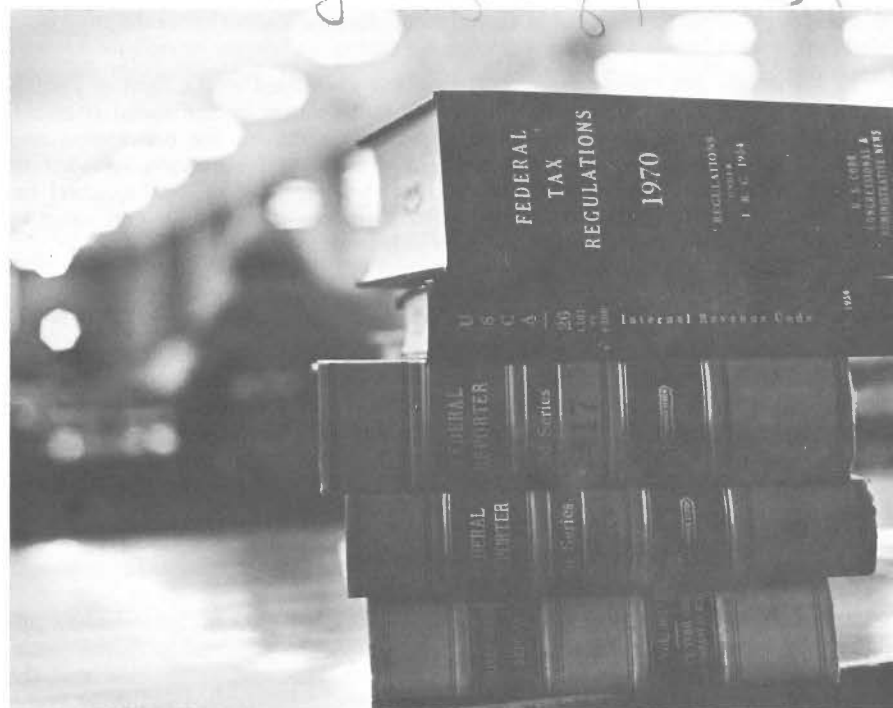
Land Use Control and Planning (2 Sem. hrs.)

A course in a combined classroom and seminar form designed to explore in depth various problems in zoning, eminent domain, urban redevelopment, subdivision control and other public and private law areas affecting land use, with a concurrent study of underlying social and economic policy problems and planning concepts operative in these areas. Students are required to submit a paper and may be assigned additional research. Second-year students admitted only with the instructor's permission.

Law and Corrections (2 Sem. hrs.)

Problems of jails and pretrial diversion. A review of what follows conviction of the offender: ~~the presentence report~~; sentencing and the judge's dilemma; reformatories, houses of correction and penitentiaries; community treatment, prerelease procedures, halfway houses, counselling and the role of therapy; parole; recidivism. Visiting experts will participate. Field visits and clinical work will be undertaken. Enrollment limited to law students and graduate students in sociology. ~~The seminar will be co-taught by professors of Law and Sociology.~~

Legal rights of prisoners;



Law In Action (3 Sem. hrs.)

This is a clinical course for student attorneys at the Boston College Legal Assistance Bureau. It is problem-oriented, utilizing actual cases handled by the Legal Assistance Bureau, materials from other law practice contexts, and the burgeoning literature in the areas of professional responsibility and legal craftsmanship. A portion of the course will take the form of oral input from officials, community leaders, and persons from disciplines other than law who have views on information that are relevant to the problems being discussed.

Legal Accounting (2 Sem. hrs.)

A study of basic bookkeeping procedures and the mechanics of financial statement preparation followed by case studies of the legal bases of accounting principles. The focus is on the area of accounting judgments and their related legal problems rather than on the technical aspects of accounting theory. No previous knowledge of accounting is required.

Legal Philosophy (2 Sem. hrs.)

In the context of their relevance to the solution of specific practical legal problems, the course will cover questions regarding the concept of law and its relationship to other concepts such as those of fact, fiction, logic, rules, power, human responsibility, human values, morality, and philosophy itself. Students will study materials dealing with these questions as a basis for classroom discussion but will be encouraged to develop their own points of view.

Legal Philosophy Seminar (3 Sem. hrs.)

The seminar will focus on and study one or more practical problems of current concern in legal philosophy. Although participants will read materials which deal with the problems under discussion, the emphasis will be on "doing philosophy," and each participant will develop a paper of his own on some aspect of the problems. The course in Legal Philosophy or equivalent is a prerequisite.

Legal Process Seminar (2 Sem. hrs.)

The object is to impart an awareness and understanding of the interrelationships between the processes and institutions which make up our legal system. The law is viewed as on-going and purposive, with continuing interaction (and opportunities for choice) between the processes of private ordering, adjudication, legislation, and administration. The problem method is used; jurisprudential concepts are not considered in the abstract but in the context of solving a series of concrete problems of legal ordering. Enrollment limited to twenty-five students.

Local Government Law (3 Sem. hrs.)

This course will consider the following major areas of local government law:

- 1) Alternative forms of local government and the legal and political rationales of each;

- 2) The role of local government in intergovernmental relations; and
- 3) Current constitutional and other legal controversies concerning local government.

Medical Evidence Seminar
(2 Sem. hrs.)

This seminar will consider in depth the methods of treatment, appraisal and courtroom legal application of the diagnostic tools and studies, records and literature of medicine in civil and criminal actions where medical issues arise. Subject matter will include nature and categories of medical evidence; current methods of handling disputed medical issues in legal actions; the scope of medical issues arising in legal actions; the physician as an expert witness in the courtroom; pretrial appraisal, probative significance and courtroom presentation of the results of medical diagnostic studies; the lawyer's use of and guides to the medical literature; the courtroom use of the various records of medical practice; medical and legal principles of causality assessment; commonly encountered medicolegal problems of causation; principles of medical and legal assessment of disability, conscious pain and suffering, psychic injury, late effects of injury and other "medical" elements of damages; problems in determining time and cause of death; problems of workmen's compensation and degenerative diseases such as heart disorders; medical malpractice definitions and areas of legal action including the doctrine *res ipsa loquitur*, captain of the ship, respondeat superior and informed consent; and mental competency evaluation and other medicolegal problems in the field of psychiatry. This course is limited to 25 students.

Restitution
(2 Sem. hrs.)

Material will be selected from the following topics: restitution as an alternative remedy for tort; equitable accounting, the constructive trust and equitable liens; legal and equitable remedies on rescission for fraud; benefits conferred under agreements; unsolicited benefits and the volunteer; mistake in bargaining transactions; mistake in gift transactions; defective capacity; duress; illegality.

Securities Regulation
(2 Sem. hrs.)

A survey of the statutes administered by the Securities and Exchange Commission, with particular reference to (1) the registration and prospectus requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 and the related exemptions, (2) the effect of the federal statutes upon common law standards of disclosure in the purchase and sale of securities, and (3) the duties of fair dealing and disclosure imposed by federal law upon corporate management in its relations with stockholders.

State and Local Taxation Seminar
(2 Sem. hrs.)

This seminar will deal with some of the problems and issues involving state and municipal tax levies. Material considered will include the historical development of state and local taxation, the constitutional issues arising from the existence of several taxing authorities in a federal system, the relation between the federal and state tax systems and problems of municipal financing. *Federal Income Taxation* is a prerequisite for this seminar. Some written work will be required.

Trade Regulation
(3 Sem. hrs.)

General survey of trade regulation by public and private power; the Sherman Act: monopolization, contract, combination and conspiracy; certain problems as affected by the Clayton Act, Federal Trade Commission Act, and Robinson Patman Act, including patent, copyright and trademark use; tying agreements and exclusive dealing arrangements; resale price maintenance and discriminatory pricing; mergers; unfair competition.

Trade Regulation Seminar
(6 Sem. hrs.)

An advanced two-semester interdisciplinary seminar in antitrust law which examines problems for government, industry and the public in our free enterprise system with its complex concentration of economic power. The course focuses on the distributional process involved in the movement of goods from the manufacturer to the ultimate consumer, concentrates on the economics of price theory and its relation to the antitrust laws, and uses a computer program market simulation. Specific attention is accorded various marketing arrangements, their economic effect on competition in the market and their legality under the Sherman, Clayton, and Federal Trade Commission Acts. Open to students who have satisfactorily completed a basic course in Trade Regulation; others may be admitted on the basis of special arrangements made with the instructor. Substantial research into extra-legal sources is required for the research paper.

Mental Illness and the Law Seminar
(2 Sem. hrs.)

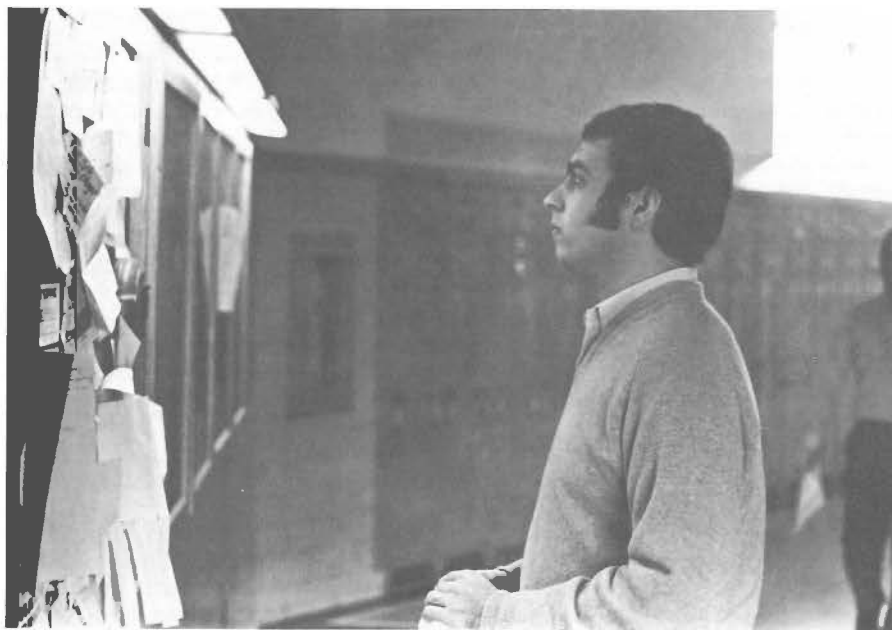
The seminar will explore the significant areas of interaction between law and psychiatry. Students will be exposed to some of the constructs of dynamic psychiatry dealing with human personality and behavior, which will be related to problems encountered in legal practice. Students will have an opportunity to participate in and/or observe the resolution of mental illness problems in criminal and civil commitment cases. A psychiatrist and a practicing lawyer will participate in the teaching of the seminar. *Crimes* is a prerequisite. Limited to 15 students.

Public Interest and the Utilities
(2 Sem. hrs.)

Lawyers have traditionally found themselves advancing the interests of the utilities industry rather than the interests of the public. This course examines both the need for consumer advocates and the ways in which those advocates can best advance the interests of the consuming public. Substantive issues to be examined include environment and pollution, politics and utilities planning, utility ownership, rate making and rate design, and special problems of low-income consumers. Limited enrollment: 12-15 students.

Trial of Criminal Cases
(3 Sem. hrs.)

The course will cover all parts of a trial from the viewpoint of both defense counsel and prosecution. Problems concerning pretrial motions, eyewitness identification, lineups, and photographs will be considered. The defenses to be used with respect to such crimes as homicide, sex crimes, and narcotics offenses will be discussed. Prosecutors, defense attorneys and judges will from time to time address the class. The course is not open this year to students who have already taken *Criminal Procedure*.



Trial Practice
(2 Sem. hrs.)

This course deals with problems of proof and persuasion in the trial of actions. The function and responsibility of the trial lawyer are considered, together with intensive consideration of the methods of developing facts at both the trial and pretrial stages. Emphasis is on assigned problems which require practical application of rules of procedural and substantive law in a typical trial context. This course is offered in small sections to afford each student ample opportunity to participate in demonstrations of trial practices. *Evidence* is a prerequisite.

Trusts and Estates
(6 Sem. hrs.)

Intestate succession; execution and revocation of wills; incorporation by reference and related problems. Creation and elements of the trust, the powers, duties and liabilities of the trustees; charitable trusts. Reversions, remainders and executory interests at common law and under modern legislation. The creation and execution of powers of appointment. The construction of limitations, particularly of class gifts. The nature and application of the rule against remotely contingent interests and related rules.

Urban Legal Laboratory
(12 Sem. hrs.)

A full semester's requirement course in which students will be assigned to work with practicing lawyers, a law professor, and a lawyer director on one or more projects that are public interest legal matters selected by the Boston Lawyers Committee for Civil Rights Under Law. The very substantial practical experience will be supplemented by seminar and study meetings during the semester. Enrollment limited to six students in pilot stages of course development.

Urban-Poverty Law
(2 Sem. hrs.)

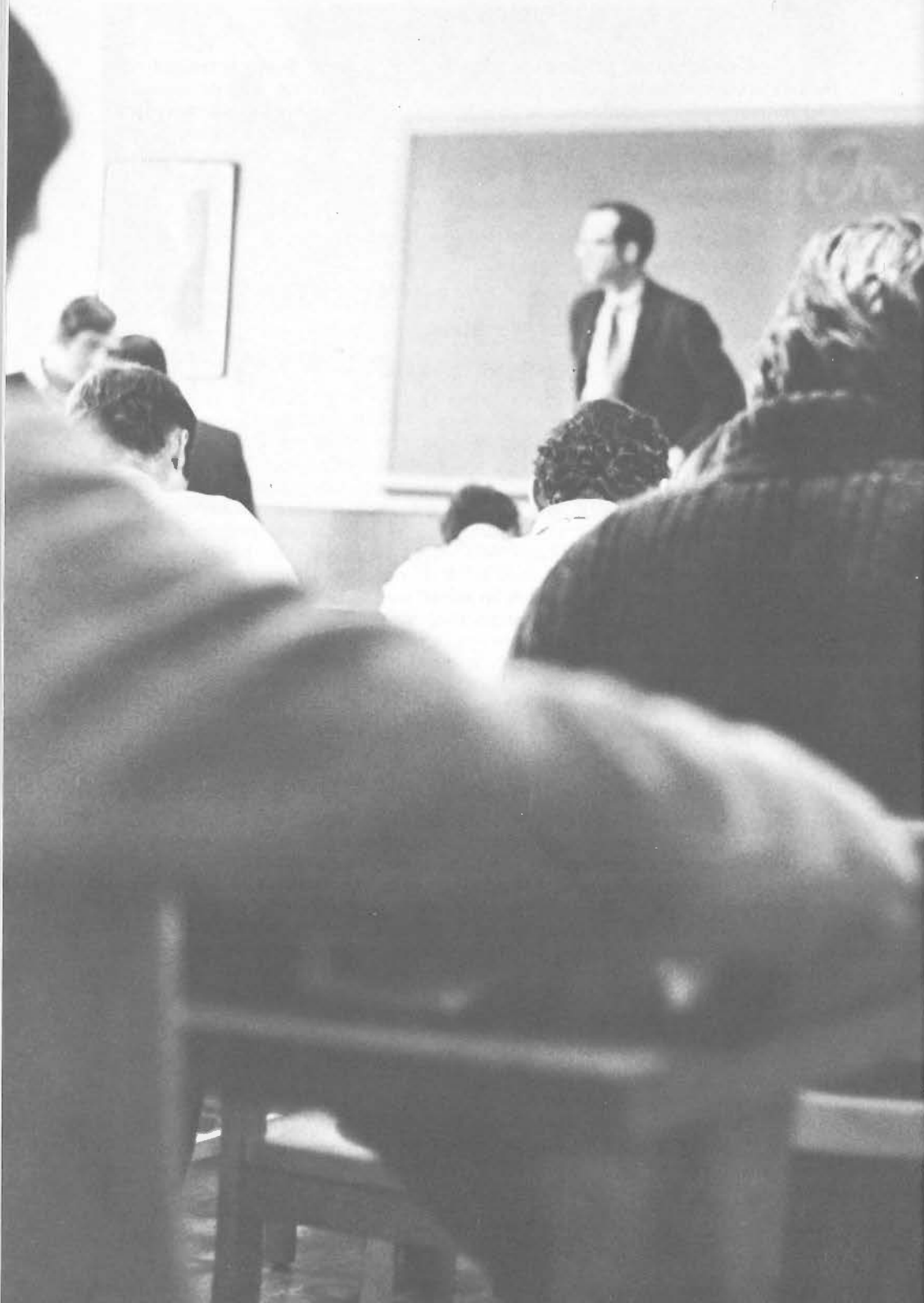
A survey of legal issues affecting the urban poor. Subjects treated may include state and federal litigation and legislation redefining tenants' remedies and housing reform, eligibility for and administration of public assistance programs, consumer protection, employment problems, public education, economic development in the ghetto, and municipal services including police-community relations. The ethical dilemmas confronting the poverty law specialist in responding to demands for law reform.

Urban Poverty Law Seminar
(2 Sem. hrs.)

A seminar devoted to an in-depth study of a current problem in the field with the aim of producing publishable papers on the matter studied. Limited to 5-10 students selected from the Urban-Poverty Law Course, a prerequisite.

Urban-Poverty Law Workshop
(5 Sem. hrs.)

This is a clinical course the purpose of which is to acquaint students with actual urban-poverty law problems. The class will focus on and study a particular aspect of law relating to the affairs of the poor. Course requirements include substantial field work involving client contact and problem resolution. The aspect of urban-poverty law studied will revolve around either inner-city community development or law reform and will be announced in a course prospectus which will be available two weeks before classes begin. A paper integrating classroom study and field work is required. Limited to eight to ten third-year law students. Students from other graduate disciplines are enrolled. The class meets formally for two hours each week. Guest speakers are usually invited.



Student Directories

Colleges and Universities Represented 1970-1971

Albertus Magnus College	1	Connecticut, University of	6
Alfred University	1	Cornell University	4
Amherst College	4		
American International College	1	Dartmouth College	12
American University	2	Detroit, University of	1
Antioch College	1	Dickinson College	1
Assumption College	1	Douglas College	1
		Drew University	1
Babson College			
Bard College	2	Eastern Montana College	1
Barnard College	3	Emerson College	1
Bates College	4	Emery University	1
Bishop College	1	Emmanuel College	2
Boston College	105		
Boston State College	2	Fairfield University	6
Boston University	16	Fairleigh Dickinson College	1
Bowdoin College	10	Fisk University	1
Brandeis University	15	Fordham University	2
Bridgeport, University of	1		
Brooklyn College	4	Georgetown University	19
Brown University	6	George Washington University	4
		Georgia, University of	1
Calvin College	1	Goucher College	1
Canisius College	4		
Case Western Reserve University		Hamilton College	2
Chatham College	1	Hampton Institute	2
Citadel, The	2	Harvard University	25
City College of New York	2	Harpur College	1
Clark University	4	Hobart College	2
Colby College	12	Holy Cross, College of the	34
Colgate University	8	Hong Kong, University of	1
Columbia University	6	Howard University	2
Connecticut College	1		

Illinois University	2	Oklahoma University	1
Indiana State University	1	Pennsylvania, University of	8
Inter. Amer. University of P.R.	1	Pennsylvania State University	1
John Carroll University	2	Princeton University	4
Johns Hopkins University	1	Providence College	10
Kansas, University of	1	Radcliffe College	2
Keene State College		Randolph & Macon Women's College	1
Kentucky State College		Regis College	1
Kentucky University	1	Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute	1
Kenyon College	2	Rhode Island, University of	3
Lafayette College	1	Rochester, University of	3
Lake Forest College	3	Rockhurst College	1
Lehigh University	1	Rutgers University	3
LeMoyne College	1	St. Anselm's College	4
Livingston College	1	St. Bonaventure's College	1
London, University of	1	St. Francis College	2
Loras College	1	St. John Fisher College	1
Lowell Tech. Institute	1	St. John's Seminary	2
Loyola University, Chicago		St. Louis University	1
Maine, University of	4	St. Michael's College	4
Manhattan College	8	St. Peter's College	1
Manhattanville College	2	St. Xavier College	1
Marist College	1	San Francisco State College	1
Marquette University	3	Scranton, University of	5
Massachusetts, University of		Sarah Lawrence College	1
Michigan, University of	2	Seattle University	1
Middlebury College	5	Siena College	2
Montana State University	1	Simmons College	1
Morehouse College	2	Smith College	3
Mt. Holyoke College	3	Southern California, Univ. of	2
Mt. St. Mary's College	1	Southern University	2
New Hampshire, University of	4	Springfield College	1
New Mexico, University of	1	Stanford University	3
Newton College of the Sacred Heart	3	State University of New York	3
New York University	3	State University of N.Y. at Buffalo	1
Niagara University	2	Stonehill College	3
North Carolina, University of	1	Suffolk University	1
Northeastern University	18	Swarthmore College	1
Norwich University	1	Syracuse University	7
Notre Dame, University of	8	Texas University	1
Ohio State University	1	Trinity College (Washington)	2
		Trinity College (Connecticut)	7
		Tufts University	9

Union College	4	Westminster College	1
U. S. Air Force Academy	1	Wheaton College	3
U. S. Naval Academy	3	William & Mary College	2
Ursinus College	1	William Smith College	1
Vassar College	1	Wisconsin, University of	2
Vermont, University of	8	Worcester State College	1
Villanova University	1	Xavier University	8
Virginia, University of	6	Yale University	8
Wayne State University	1	Yeshiva University	1
Wellesley College	3		

Total Institutions 159

Degrees Awarded Since June 2, 1969

Doctor of Law

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Chana Sklar Israel

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Thomas Michael Cryan

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John Joseph Finn
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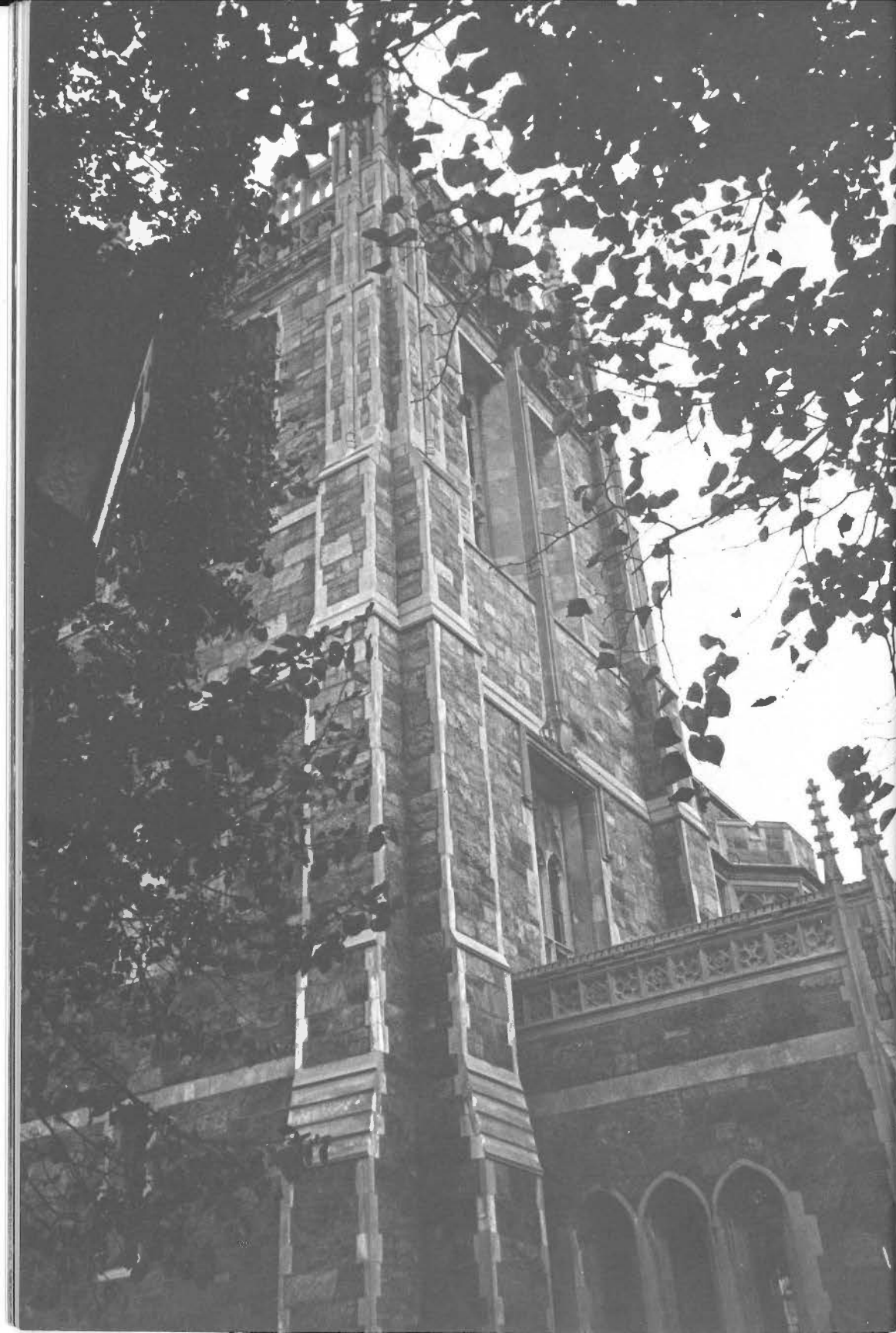
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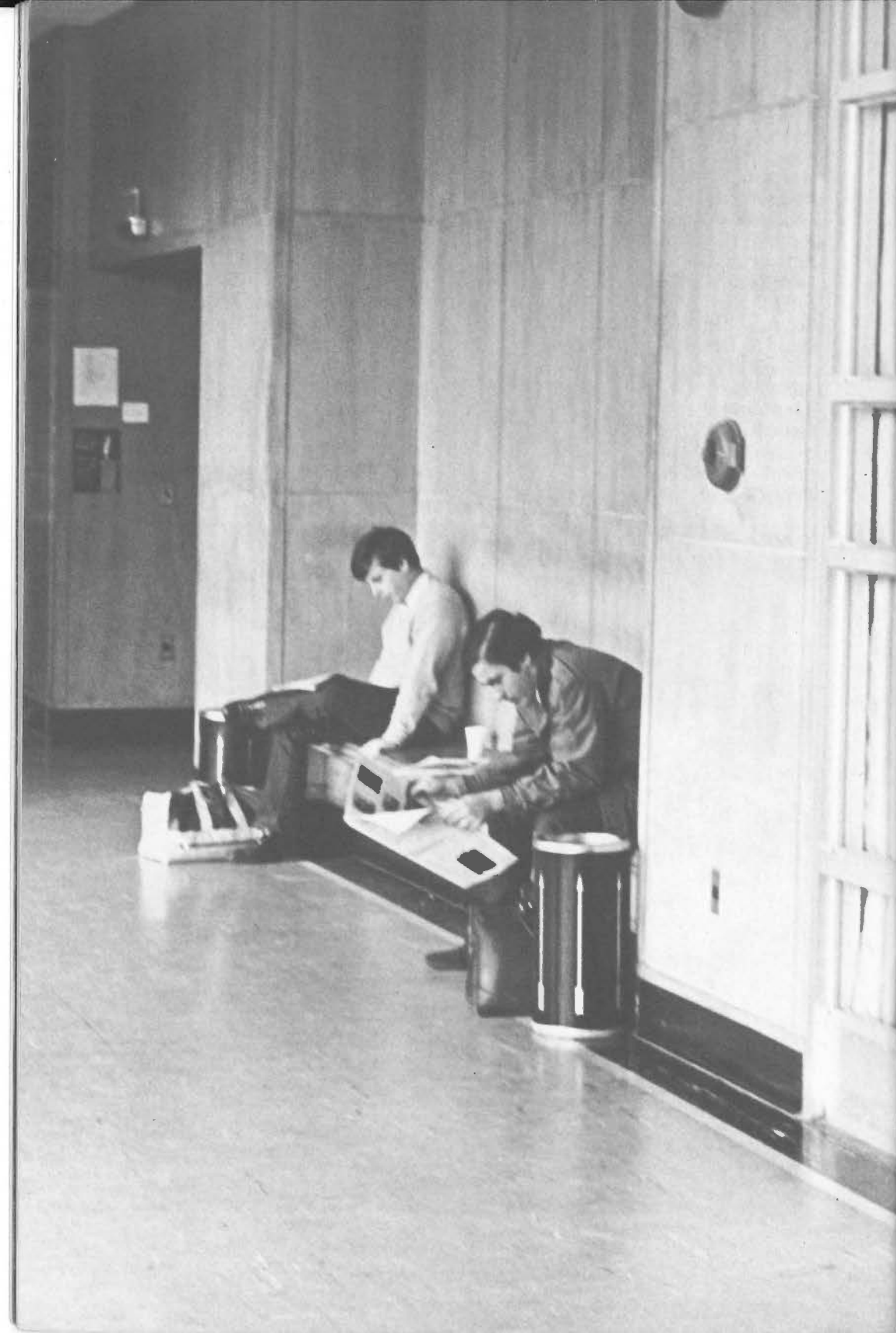
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Christopher J. Flynn, Jr., A.M., LL.B.	Associate Dean
	<i>The School of Management</i>
William J. Flynn, M.Ed.	Director of Varsity and Intramural Athletics
Meredith L. Gleklen, A.M.	Foreign Student Advisor
Rev. Edward J. Hanrahan, S.J., A.M.	Dean of Students
August T. Jaccaci, M.A.T.	Director of Special Curricular Programs
Weston M. Jenks, Jr., A.M., M.Ed.	Director of University Council on Counseling Services
	Assistant Dean
Raymond F. Keyes, M.B.A.	<i>The School of Management</i>
	Director of the Office of Testing Services
Lorraine Kinnane, A.M.	Associate Dean
Francis J. Larkin, B.S., LL.B.	<i>The Law School</i>
John J. Larner, B.S.	Director of Boston College News Bureau
Richard J. Leonard, B.S.B.A., C.P.A.	Controller
Richard Maffei, Ph.D.	Associate Dean
	<i>The School of Management</i>
Joseph F. McCarthy, A.M., LL.B.	Assistant Dean
	<i>The Law School</i>

Rev. Leo McDonough, S.J., A.M., M.S.	University Chaplain
Henry J. McMahon, A.M.	Associate Dean
	<i>The College of Arts and Sciences</i>
Raymond J. Mitchell, A.B.	Director of University Publications
Rev. John A. O'Callaghan, S.J., Ph.D.	Faculty Moderator of the Alumni
Thomas H. O'Connor, Ph.D.	Faculty Assistant (Office of the President)
Richard J. Olsen, M.B.A.	Executive Assistant to the President
A. Robert Phillips	Director of the Black Talent Program
Fred John Pula, Ed.D.	Director of University Audio-Visual Services
John J. Sopka, Ph.D.	Director of University Computation Programs
Philip J. Steinkrauss, M.Ed.	Acting Director of Financial Aid
David E. Tanenbaum, D.S.W.	Associate Dean
	<i>The Graduate School of Social Work</i>
Joseph Vilimas, Jr., A.B.	Special Assistant to the President for External Affairs
Rev. Edmond D. Walsh, S.J., A.M.	Dean of Admissions
Frederick W. White, Ph.D.	Assistant Dean
	<i>The Graduate School of Arts and Sciences</i>
John F. Wissler, B.S.B.A.	Executive Director of the Alumni Association
Robert L. Woods, B.S.	Director of Buildings and Grounds





Academic Calendar

September 1971 — June 1972

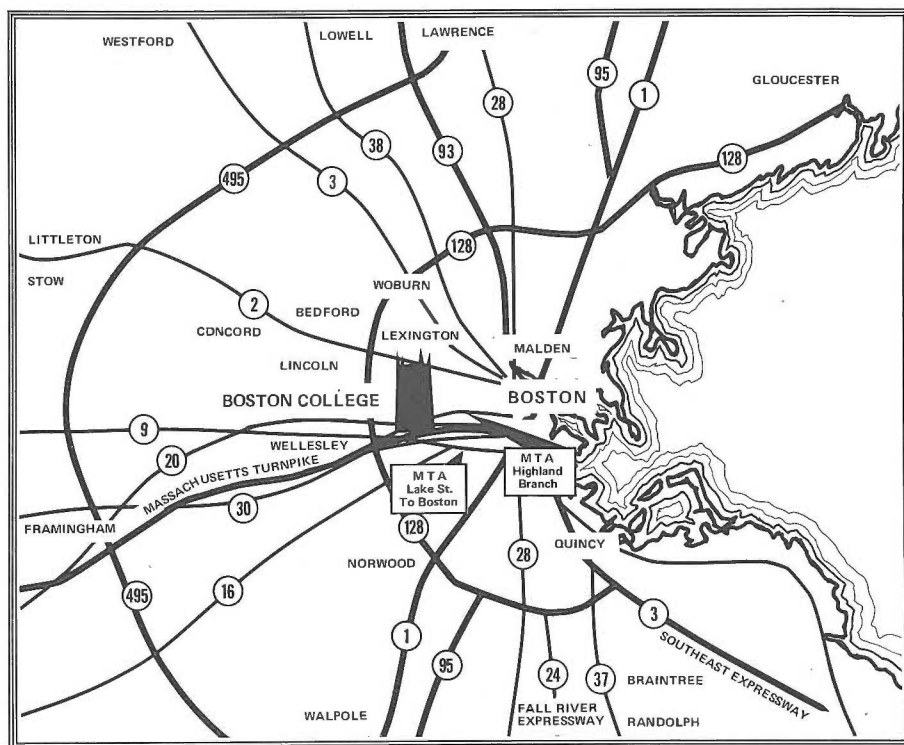
Fall Term

Sept.	10	Friday: Registration
Sept.	13	Monday: Classes begin
Oct.	11	Monday: Columbus Day: No classes
Oct.	25	Monday: Veterans Day: No classes
Nov.	25-28	Thursday-Sunday: Thanksgiving Recess
Dec.-Jan.	19-2	Sunday-Sunday: Christmas Recess
Jan.	22	Saturday: Examinations end

Spring Term

Jan.	19-21	Wednesday-Friday: Registration
Jan.	24	Monday: Classes begin
Feb.	21	Monday: Washington's Birthday: No classes
Mar.-Apr.	26-3	Sunday-Monday: Easter Recess: No classes
April	17	Monday: Patriots' Day: No classes
May	27	Saturday: Senior examinations end
May	29	Monday: Memorial Day: No classes
June <i>Term</i>	<i>3rd</i>	Saturday: Other examinations end
June	12	Monday: Annual Commencement

DIRECTIONS FOR VISITORS TO BOSTON COLLEGE



Located between Commonwealth Avenue (Route 30) and Beacon Street in Chestnut Hill, Massachusetts, the University Heights campus of Boston College is easily accessible from all approaches.

Visitors arriving at Logan International Airport will find ample means of transportation into downtown Boston. Interstate bus lines all have terminals in the heart of the city.

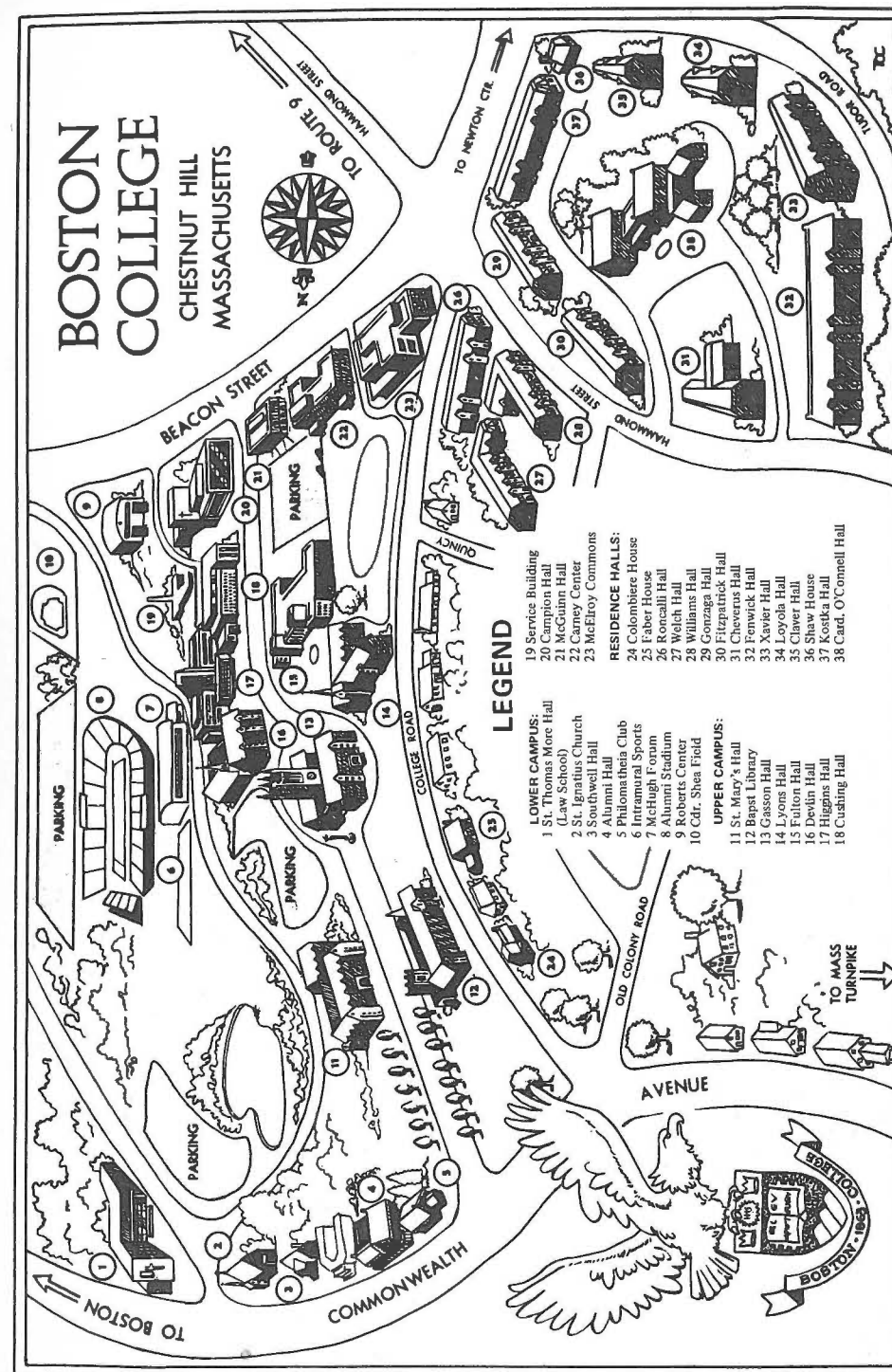
From downtown Boston, visitors may travel directly to the Heights by taxi or may take the Boston College-Commonwealth Avenue trolley car out of Park St. Station and to the end of the line, where the campus is only a short walk up the hill.

For those driving to Boston College, the auto routes are easily traveled and plainly marked.

From the south and southeast—Routes 95 and 24 north, to Route 128 north, to Route 30 (Commonwealth Avenue) east, directly to Boston College.

From the west and southwest (e.g. New York City, New Jersey, etc.)—Routes 15 or 91 north, to the Massachusetts Turnpike (Route 90) east, to Route 128 north, to Route 30 (Commonwealth Avenue) east, directly to Boston College.

From the north and northeast—Routes 3, 93 and 95 (U.S. 1) south, to Route 128 south, to Route 30 (Commonwealth Avenue) east, directly to Boston College.



BOSTON COLLEGE
CHESTNUT HILL, MASSACHUSETTS 02167

